



An Daras Trust
Igniting Curiosity Growing Capabilities

An Daras Multi Academy Trust

School Equality Policy v1.2

The An Daras Multi Academy Trust (ADMAT) Company
An Exempt Charity Limited by Guarantee
Company Number/08156955

Status: Approved	
Recommended	
Statutory	Yes
Adopted v1.1	27th Sept 2019
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Advisory Committee	ADMAT LSS Committee
Linked Documents and Policies	ADMAT Accessibility Plan ADMAT School Equality Improvement Plan and Objectives 22-25

An Daras Trust - School Equality Policy

This single policy explains how the Trust will champion race, disability and gender to eliminate discrimination, advance equality of opportunity and foster good relations. It reflects the legal duties set out in the **Equality Act 2010** and non-statutory guidance initially set out by the government in December 2011/March 2012 and then in subsequent updates.

This policy should be viewed in conjunction with the individual school Accessibility Plan and the Equality Improvement Plan and Equality Objectives 22-25 Statement.

Part One sets out the Trust's aims to promote equality of opportunity and comply with the Act; Part Two sets out the legal duties which are referred to in Part One.

Part One

The primary aim of Trust schools is to enable all pupils to take part as fully as possible in every part of school life by developing each child's self-confidence, recognising their strengths and encouraging them to achieve their full potential.

Trust schools will take steps to advance equality of opportunity, foster good relations and eliminate discrimination or harassment across all the categories of protected characteristics (age, race, gender reassignment, disability, marriage and civil partnership, religion and belief, pregnancy and maternity, gender, sexual orientation) within the Trust and school community.

This Means:

- We will take reasonable and necessary steps to meet the needs of pupils by using a variety of approaches and planning reasonable adjustments for disabled pupils, enabling our pupils to take as full a part as possible in all the activities of the Trust and school.
- We will make reasonable adjustments to ensure the individual school environment and its activities are as accessible and welcoming as possible for pupils, staff and visitors to the school.
- We are also committed to ensuring staff with a disability have equality of opportunity.
- We will actively encourage positive attitudes towards pupils and staff and expect everyone to treat others with dignity and respect.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which the taught and wider curricula will help to promote awareness of the rights of individuals and develop the skills of participation and responsible action.
- We will regularly consider the ways in which our teaching and the curriculum provision will support high standards of attainment, promote common values and rights, and help pupils understand and value the diversity that surrounds them, and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- We will monitor the progress and achievement of pupils by the relevant and appropriate protected characteristics plus the following groups – *Pupils eligible for Free School Meals (FSM), pupils with Special Educational Needs or Disabilities (SEND), Dis-advantaged group, pupils with English as an Additional Language (EAL), Young*

Carers, Looked after Children (LAC)/Children in Care (CiC). This information will help the school to ensure that individual pupils are achieving their potential, the school is being inclusive in practice, and trends are identified which inform the setting of our equality objectives in the school equality improvement plan.

- We will collect and analyse information about protected characteristics in relation to staff recruitment, retention, training opportunities and promotions to ensure all staff have equality of opportunity.
- We will not ask health-related questions to job applicants before offering a job, unless it relates to an intrinsic function of the work they do.
- We will make reasonable adjustments such as providing auxiliary aids for disabled staff.
- Staff will ensure the curriculum is accessible to all pupils with Special Educational Needs and Disabilities (SEND) or those for whom English is not their first language. Auxiliary aids and services will be provided for them, where reasonable adjustments are required.
- By planning ahead, staff will ensure that all pupils are able to take part in extra-curricular activities and residential visits, and the individual school will monitor the uptake of these visits to ensure no one is disadvantaged on the grounds of a protected characteristic.
- We will seek the views of advisory staff and outside agencies and partnerships with other schools where this is needed. In planning the curriculum and resources the individual school will take every opportunity to promote and advance equality.
- Bullying and Prejudice Related Incidents will be carefully monitored by school leaders via the My Concern/CPOMS database and dealt with effectively. Training will be given to staff to ensure that they are aware of the process for reporting and following up incidents of prejudice-related bullying.
- We expect that all Trust staff will be role-models for equal opportunities, deal with effectively with bullying and discriminatory incidents and be able to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- Throughout the year, the Trust and individual schools will hold events to raise awareness of equality and diversity. This may include a focus on respect for other cultures, religions and beliefs, and developing an understanding of the effects of discrimination. Regular on-line diversity training for leaders, school staff and governance teams will be delivered.
- We will regularly seek the views of pupils, parents, advisory staff and visitors to the Trust and its schools, to ensure that the school environment is as safe and accessible as possible to all users. We will regularly review our accessibility plans.
- The Trust and its schools welcome a diverse range of candidates and encourages those who are currently under-represented to join the school.
- Through training, we will ensure that all staff are aware of their legal duties under the Equality Act 2010, the different forms of discrimination and what 'reasonable adjustments' mean in practice. This training will be revisited regularly. Training and awareness sessions will be set out in the individual school equality improvement plan.
- The individual school will consult with stakeholders, i.e. pupils, parents/carers, staff and relevant community groups, to establish equality objectives and draw up a plan

based on information collected on protected groups and accessibility planning. These equality objectives will be reviewed and reported on regularly.

- The Trust board must consider to what extent a new/revised policy, practice or plan meets the Public Sector Equality Duties (eliminates discrimination, advances equality and fosters good relations for all the protected characteristics) and recommend changes/mitigations should it feel the policy, practice or plan could be improved to fulfil the duties.

Part Two

Our Legal Duties

Legislation relating to equality and discrimination is laid out in the Equality Act 2010. This legislation covers employment (work), the provision of services and public functions, and education. Employers (Trusts/schools) are liable for discriminatory acts of their employees if they did not take reasonable steps to prevent such acts. Employees can be liable for acts (where an employer took reasonable steps to prevent such acts).

The 'Protected Characteristics' within equality law are:

Age - A person of a particular age (e.g. 32-year-old) or a range of ages (e.g. 18 - 30-year olds). Age discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.

Disability - A person has a disability if s/he has, or has had, a physical or mental impairment which has a substantial and long-term adverse effect on their ability to carry out normal day-to-day activities. It includes discrimination arising from something connected with their disability such as use of aids or medical conditions. HIV, multiple sclerosis and cancer are all considered as disabilities, regardless of their effect.

Gender reassignment - A person (usually with 'gender dysphoria') who is proposing to undergo, is undergoing or has undergone gender reassignment (the process of changing physiological or other attributes of sex, therefore changing from male to female, or female to male). 'Trans' is an umbrella term to describe people with this 'Gender Identity'. 'Intersex' or 'Third Sex' is not covered by the Act but the school will treat Intersex children with the same degree of equality as children with gender dysphoria. Children as young as five may begin to show signs of gender dysphoria and therefore it is relevant in any school environment.

Marriage and civil partnership – Marriage and civil partnership discrimination does not apply to the provision of education, but it does apply to work.

Pregnancy and maternity - Maternity refers to the period of 26 weeks after the birth (including still births), which reflects the period of a woman's Ordinary Maternity Leave entitlement in the employment context. In employment, it also covers (where eligible) the period up to the end of her Additional Maternity Leave.

Race - A person's colour, nationality, ethnic or national origin. It includes Travellers and Gypsies as well as White British people.

Religion and belief - Religious and philosophical beliefs including lack of belief. Generally, a belief should affect your life choices or the way you live for it to be included in the definition. Religion and belief discrimination does not prevent a school from carrying out collective worship or other curriculum-based activities, but pupils may withdraw from acts of collective worship.

Sexual orientation - A person's sexual orientation towards the same sex (lesbian or gay), the opposite sex (heterosexual) or to both sexes (bisexual). Although children may not identify as gay or lesbian when very young, promotion of sexual orientation equality is as relevant in a primary school environment as it is in a secondary school. For example, a child may have an older sibling or parent who is gay. Children may experience friends 'questioning' or 'coming out' when they are in secondary school or college. Schools with a particular religious ethos cannot discriminate against lesbian, gay or bisexual pupils. It is also unlawful to discriminate because of the sex, race, disability, religion or belief, sexual orientation or gender reassignment of another person with whom the pupil is associated. So, for example, a school must not discriminate by refusing to admit a pupil because his parents are gay men or lesbians. It would be race discrimination to treat a white pupil less favourably because she has a black boyfriend. See the separate Trust LGBTQ+ policy for further information.

'Prohibited Conduct' (acts that are unlawful)

Direct discrimination

Less favourable treatment because of a protected characteristic.

Indirect discrimination

A provision, criteria or practice that puts a person at a particular disadvantage and is not a proportionate means of achieving a legitimate aim.

Harassment

Conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment. It includes harassment by a third party (e.g. customer or contractor) in the employment context.

Victimisation

Subjecting a person to a detriment because of their involvement with proceedings (a complaint) brought in connection with this Act.

Discrimination arising from disability

Treating someone unfavourably because of something connected with their disability (such as periods of absence from work or medical conditions) and failure to make reasonable adjustments.

Gender re-assignment discrimination

Not allowing reasonable absence from work for the purpose of gender-reassignment in line with normal provision such as sick leave).

Pregnancy/maternity related discrimination

Unfavourable treatment because of pregnancy or maternity. It includes unfavourable treatment of a woman or girl because she is breastfeeding.

Discrimination by association or perception

For example, discriminating against someone because they "look gay", or because they have a gay brother; discriminating against someone because they care for a disabled relative. Schools are allowed to treat disabled pupils more favourably than non-disabled pupils, and in some cases are required to do so, by making reasonable adjustments to put them on a more level footing with pupils without disabilities.

Public Sector Duties (applies to Trusts and schools):

A Trust and school must, in the exercise of its functions, give due regard to the need to (in relation to protected characteristics above):

1. Eliminate discrimination, harassment, victimisation and any other prohibited conduct.
2. Advance equality of opportunity (remove or minimise disadvantage; meet people's needs; take account of disabilities; encourage participation in public life).
3. Foster good relations between people (tackle prejudice and promote understanding). In practice, 'due regard' means giving relevant and proportionate consideration to the duty, so decision makers in schools must have due regard when making a decision, developing a policy or taking an action as to whether it may have implications for people because of their protected characteristics.

Reasonable Adjustments and Accessibility Plans

Trusts and schools are required to:

- Take reasonable steps to avoid disadvantage caused by a provision, criteria or practice or a physical feature that puts a disabled person at a substantial disadvantage compared to a non-disabled person. This involves removing or avoiding a physical feature, for example steps and lifts.
- Take reasonable steps to provide auxiliary aids/services.
- Provide information in an accessible format.
- Develop and implement (by allocating appropriate resources) an Accessibility Plan to:
 1. Increase disabled pupils' access to the school curriculum
 2. Improve the physical environment
 3. Improve provision of information.

The duty is an anticipatory and continuing one that Trusts' and their schools owe to disabled pupils generally, regardless of whether the school knows that a particular pupil is disabled or whether the school currently has disabled pupils. The school will need to plan ahead for the reasonable adjustments that it may need to make, working with the relevant admissions authority as appropriate.

Responsibilities of Trust Board and Local Governing Body

- Ensure that the school complies with equality-related legislation.
- Ensure that the policy and its procedures are implemented by the Headteacher/Executive Headteacher.
- Ensure all other Trust and school policies promote equality.
- Give due regard to the Public Sector Equality Duty when making decisions.

Executive Headteacher or Headteacher

- Implement the equality policy and its related procedures.
- Make all staff aware of their responsibilities and provide training as appropriate to enable them to effectively deliver this policy.
- Take appropriate action in any case of actual or potential discrimination.
- Ensure that all staff understand their duties regarding recruitment and providing reasonable adjustments to staff.
- It is unlawful for an employer to enquire about the health of an applicant for a job until a job offer has been made, unless the questions are specifically related to an

intrinsic function of the work - for example ensuring that applicants for a PE teaching post have the physical capability to carry out the duties.

- Schools should no longer require job applicants to complete a generic health questionnaire. Neither should a school seek out past sickness records until they have made a job offer.
- Ensure that all staff and pupils are aware of the process for reporting and following up bullying and prejudice-related incidents.

All Trust and school staff

- Enact this policy, its commitments and procedures, and their responsibilities associated with this policy.
- Deal with bullying and discriminatory incidents and know how to identify and challenge prejudice and stereotyping.
- Promote equality and good relations and not discriminate on any grounds.
- Attend such training and information opportunities as necessary to enact this policy and keep up to date with equality legislation.
- To be models of equal opportunities through their words and actions.

Pupils

- Refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour or any other behaviour that contravenes this policy.
- Use the UNICEF Rights Respecting Schools Framework to model equal opportunities across all Trust schools.

Visitors (e.g. parent helpers, contractors)

- To be aware of, and comply with, the Trust and school 's equality policy.
- To refrain from engaging in discriminatory behaviour (for example, racist language) on school premises.

This policy is subject to regular review.