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To ensure subject coverage and weighting.	

### **INTRODUCTION / AIMS**

Our EYFS Curriculum has been designed to reflect the nature of our school environment, the seasons of the year and the nature around our school. It aims to teach the children how their environment compares to other places, cultures and nature in other parts of the world. Each key text and linked provision are included in the curriculum for very specific reasons, and we want to ensure that all children leaving the Foundation Stage are ready to start the KS1 curriculum. Each learning focus does not last a specific amount of time but is based on the children's learning at the time, and so can run from anything between two and seven weeks. All of the overarching themes have resources and activities ready to use in the enhanced provision. Specific concepts are introduced with a good quality storybook or age appropriate non – fiction text. Using books in this way teaches children that books and reading form the basis of all learning.

This ambitious Early Year's curriculum aims to teach all children the skills and knowledge in order that they reach the seventeen Early Learning Goals described in the Early Years Foundation Stage. We teach through a range of teaching methods including child-initiated learning, whole class teaching, group teaching, investigations and problem solving together, and independently. As many activities as possible are play-based; however, there is also a need for direct teacher-led activities to ensure children gain essential knowledge and skills from their teacher. All activities are expertly modelled, and children are given sufficient time, support and resources to repeat and practise them.

**Diversity:** we have carefully planned our curriculum to include diversity (gender, disability, BAME – Black, Asian and Minority Ethnic) to ensure it is a diverse and inclusive curriculum. Where there are key links, these are highlighted below in orange.

Area of Learning	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Possible	W	/ho am I?	Come C	Outside!	Isn't it a	mazing?
Themes/Interests/Lin	Starting scho	ool/new beginnings	Growing ar	nd changing	Compari	ng places
es of Enquiry	Rules and routines		Plants an	nd flowers	Polar regions and t	he rainforest/jungle
,	All about m	ne, families, homes	Human body, senses		Under ·	the sea,
	Feelings and emotions		Keeping fit and healthy		Space Now and Then	
	Celebr	ations, parties	Animals and minibeasts		Seasonal changes	<ul><li>Spring/Summer</li></ul>
	Bonfire Night, Rer	nfire Night, Remembrance Day, Harvest, Life cycles				
	Diwali		Recycling, looking after the world			
	Advent, Christmas Seasonal Changes –		St Pira	n's Day		
	Autumn/Winter		Eas	ster		



			Chinese New Year Seasonal changes – Winter/Spring	
Key Texts	Fiction	'What makes me a me?' By Ben Faulks and David Tazzyman  'Super Duper You' by Sophy Henn  'Elmer' by David McKee  'The Little Red Hen'  'Hair Love' by Matthew Cherry  'Owl Babies' by Martin Waddell and Patrick  Benson  'Pumpkin Soup' by Helen Cooper	'Jack and the beanstalk' – Traditional Tale 'The Very Hungry Caterpillar' by Eric Carle. 'Supertato' by Sue Hendra and Paul Linnet 'The Runaway Wok' By Ying Chang Compestine and Sebastia Serra 'Izzy Gizmo' by Pip Jones	'The Night Pirates' by Peter Harris  'Billy's Bucket' by Kes Gray  'Flotsam' by David Wiesner  'Clean Up' by Nathan Bryon  'Look Up' by Nathan Bryon
	Non- fiction	'Me and My Amazing Body' Joan Sweeney and Ed Miller 'Seasons' by Hannah Pang and Clover Robin	'Caterpillar and Bean: A Science Storybook about Growing' by Martin Jenkins 'Yucky Worms' by Vivian French	'A Street Through Time' by Anne Millard 'You Choose' by Pippa Goodheart and Nick Sharratt



#### **CLL**

Listening,
 Attention and
 Understandin
 g

Speaking

We aim to become... Confident Communicators who can listen carefully in different situations, hold a conversation with friends and adults, ask relevant questions and use new vocabulary to explain ideas and feelings

### **Listening, Attention and Understanding:**

- Listen attentively to key class stories/texts and respond to what they hear with relevant questions.
- Be confident to make a comment during a whole class discussion.
- Use actions to demonstrate ideas during small group interactions.
- Make comments about what they have heard in adult and child led activities.
- Independently ask questions to clarify their understanding.
- Hold conversation when engaged in back-and-forth exchanges with their teacher and peers.

### Speaking:

- Express their ideas and feelings about their experiences using full sentences.
- Use past, present and future tenses in context with their own level of understanding e.g. When I was a baby I played with a rattle, now I like to kick a ball and when I'm grown up, I'll have a real bike.
- Use of conjunctions, with modelling and support from their teacher (and, then, next)
- Participate in small group discussions with adult support.
- Have one-to-one discussions, offering their own ideas, using recently introduced vocabulary.
- Offer explanations for why things might happen.
- Use vocabulary from key stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems in child led play.
- Learn new vocabulary.
- Listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound.
- Use new vocabulary in different contexts.
- Use new vocabulary through the day.
- Learn rhymes, poems, and songs.



•	Relationships Managing Self	resources, manag	ge their own personal nee	ds and know how to stay f	it and healthy. And Fanta	ple goals and persevere to astic Friends who can be l sidering others' ideas and	kind, caring and helpful,	
PSED -	Building	We sim to been				pasis throughout the reception		
		Story telling shelves – Elmer.	Create Icy environments in small world area.					
		Home corner role play area.  Create "family" interest table.	Story telling shelves – Owl Babies. Nativity	Story telling shelves – Supertato.	Story telling shelves – Jack and the Beanstalk.		Story telling shelves – The Night Pirates. Sport's Day	
					Possible Enhancements:			
		Story/song time		thoughts, engage in and	talk about books, retell stori			
		Circle Time  Busy Learning	Listen attentively to others, speak clearly to explain ideas, thoughts and feelings.  Practice using new vocabulary, develop social phrases, engage in conversation with friends and adults, speak clearly to explain ideas and					
				books.  Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.	happen.	develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.		
		and why listening is important.  Engage in story times.	understand what has been said to them.  Develop social phrases.  Engage in story times.	sentences.  Connect one idea or action to another using a range of connectives.  Engage in non-fiction	Use talk to help work out problems and organise thinking and activities.  Explain how things work and why they might	and understanding.  Engage in non-fiction books.  Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to	familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words.  Use new vocabulary in different contexts.	
		Understand how to listen carefully	Ask questions to find out more and to check they	Articulate their ideas and thoughts in well-formed	Describe events in some detail.	Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity	Retell stories once they have developed a deep	



### Self-Regulation

- Take into considerations the feeling of others e.g. comforts a peer when they are hurt, finds way to compromise to solve disagreements, sharing and negotiating.
- Know and accept consequences for some behaviours of themselves and others and is able to tolerate and manage feelings when their wishes cannot be met e.g. accepting and managing the disappointment felt when accessing a wanted resource that isn't available or being used by another.
- Follow and listen to what the adults says even when engaged in another activity e.g. stopping an activity and returning to the carpet when asked.
- Awareness of behavioural expectations and follows routines e.g. sitting on carpet spot, lining up, RWI expectations, tidying up.

### **Managing Self:**

- Accept and seek challenges willingly and are confident to try new activities, showing, independence, resilience and perseverance e.g. shows confidence in selecting resources and persevering to achieve the chosen activity when difficulties arise – trying again and rebuilding a tower that collapses.
- Is happy to confidently share with others their own needs, interests' opinions in familiar group e.g. willing to describe what they can do well and want to get better at in a positive way.
- Show an understanding for the need for expectations and is able to explain why they are important e.g. to keep themselves and others safe. Follows the rules and expectations.
- Manage their own toileting and handwashing needs as well as dressing and undressing e.g. follows the handwashing sequence and washes hands after the
  toilet, dresses and undresses independently for wild tribe, discusses the importance of healthy food.
- Shows a clear understanding of the importance of healthy food choices e.g. sugary foods vs vegetables.

#### **Building Relationships:**

- Plays cooperatively and take turns with others during play projects and set challenges.
- Comes into class independently and confidently leave parents/carers.
- Form positive attachments with known adults and friendships with peers.
- Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs e.g. listening to others ideas and adapting to keep play going.

See themselves as a valuable individual.	Show resilience and perseverance in the face of	Think about the perspectives of others.
	challenge.	
Build constructive and respectful relationships.		Manage their own needs.
	Identify and moderate their own feelings socially and	
Express their feelings and consider the feelings	emotionally.	
of others.		



				T			
		lationships:	Health and Wellbeing:	Living in the Wider World:			
		n family and family life.	Physical health and mental wellbeing – healthy living,	Talk about feelings of other characters.			
	Safe Relationships – NSPCC PANTS		healthy eating.	Explore significant birthdays with the children.			
		ldren's differences and	Growing and changing – body parts.	Remember presents and things they did on their			
		eferences.	Changing from a baby to an adult.	birthday.			
	_	ds with other children.	Keeping safe. Sun safety, road safety, stranger	Recall surprises in our own lives.			
		eelings of loneliness.	awareness	Comparing own family and family life to Inuit People.			
		emotion of happiness.					
		characters from the story.					
	How	do they feel?					
	Daily Routines	Self-registration, book voti	ng, 'choose it, use it, put it away' when using resources, ch	ange independently for PE, turning clothes the right way			
		round, change into wet wea	ather gear, use toilets independently, snack time (whole cl	ass or free-flow during busy learning), lunchtimes, getting			
			ready for home, follow the class rules/charter, to be r	eady, safe and respectful.			
	Busy Learning	Build relationships with other	others, see themselves as a valued individual, set simple challenges, show resilience and perseverance, manage feelings				
		and	behaviour appropriately, play co-operatively, take turns and share, show sensitivity to others				
	Story/song time		Experience, explore and talk about positive relationships, f	eelings and emotion, diversity			
■ Fine Motor	Gross Motor Skills:		f equipment. And Talented Tool Users who can ho ery, paintbrushes, tweezers, hammer, screwdrivers				
	Ride a balance bike with control and stop on command.						
	<ul><li>Throw an</li></ul>						
			s confidently (grass, concrete, PE equipment)				
	■ Roll /bend	I knees when dismounting from	m inside apparatus or outside active provision including ra	mps, trees, slopes.			
	<ul><li>Uses sciss</li><li>Uses a scr</li></ul>	ncil effectively so mark making ors to cut paper, thin card, fab ewdriver to screw screws into mmer to place nails into soft it	wood.				



	Further develop the skills they need to manage the school day successfully: lining up and queuing, mealtimes, personal hygiene.	Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.	Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including throwing, catching, kicking, passing, batting, and aiming.  Develop confidence, competence, precision, and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.	Know and talk about the different factors that support their overall health and wellbeing: regular physical activity, healthy eating, toothbrushing, sensible amounts of 'screen time', having a good sleep routine, being a safe pedestrian.	Combine different movements with ease and fluency.  Develop the foundations of a handwriting style which is fast, accurate and efficient.	Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.				
	Funky Fingers	Daily movement to music	Daily movement to music activity to help develop all the children's pivot points – shoulder, elbow, wrist, distal (fingers) to support pencil gri and writing, different routine each term							
	Lunch Time	Hold and use a knife and fork correctly, understand about healthy eating.								
	Busy Learning	Revise and refine fundamental movement skills, develop strength, balance, agility and co-ordination. Refine and develop fine motor skills and use a range of tools competently and safely, combine movement, develop ball skills								
	Go Noodle/ Yoga			strength, balance and co-ord						
Literacy		Lette	ers and Sounds phonics follo	owing school phonics prog	ression map					
<ul><li>Word Reading</li><li>Writing</li></ul>		read to them, read w	s who can show a love for yords and simple sentence that are formed correctly have learnt) that	s (using single sounds and	digraphs they have learn	t).				
	<ul> <li>Comprehension:         <ul> <li>Retell class stories and narratives using newly introduced vocabulary in the correct context.</li> <li>Listen, consider and reason what might happen next when being read to.</li> <li>Use their knowledge and vocabulary encountered from stories and narratives in their play and discussions with others e.g. using characters and events in their role play, discussing why and how things happen/work (non-fiction) and performing rhymes and poems.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>									
	Know phas		ed; em to decode words with ther and blending in your head to							



Be able to read aloud at least red/yellow books and the common exception words they encounter e.g. the, I, you, he, she, was.

### Writing:

- Use the correct formation to form letters that can be identified by others.
- Use their phonic knowledge (at least phase 2 and phase 3 sounds) to identify and write sounds they hear in words.
- Articulate and construct a string of words together to form phrases or sentences that can be read by others.
- Use finger spaces and begin to have some understanding of capital letters and full stops.

0-1									
Working on using	Working on writing CVC	Working on writing a range	e of CVC words using all the	Working on blending	Working on segment				
common	words using a wider range	letters and less frequent co	nsonant digraphs and some	adjacent consonants in	adjacent consonants on				
consonants and	of letters inc. consonant	long vowel	phonemes.	words and apply this in	words and apply this in				
vowels which they	digraphs and double			writing.	writing.				
can segment for	letters e.g. bell, chick	Spell phase 2	tricky words.						
writing simple CVC				Write each letter	Spell phase 3 tricky words.				
words.	Blend sounds into words,		rs correctly	correctly.					
	so that they can read	Read some letter groups	Read simple phrases and	Form lower-case and	Write each letter				
Read individual	short words made up of	that each represent one	sentences made up of	capital letters correctly.	correctly.				
letters by saying	known letter-sound	sound and say sounds for	words with known letter–						
the sounds for	correspondences.	them.	sound correspondences	Spell words by identifying	Write short sentences				
them.			and, where necessary, a	the sounds and then	with words with known				
		Read a few common	few exception words.	writing the sound with	letter-sound				
		exception words matched	De weed the see be about	letter/s.	correspondences using a				
		to the school's phonic	Re-read these books to		capital letter and full stop.				
		programme.	build up their confidence		Re-read what they have				
			in word reading, their fluency and their		written to check that it				
			understanding and		makes sense.				
			enjoyment.		makes sense.				
VIPERS	VIPERS	VIPERS	VIPERS	VIPERS	VIPERS				
To say what we	To explain how a	To use words to describe	To say what you think will	To explain why they like a	To say what happened				
think a book is	character is feeling (I)	a character or setting (V)	happen next (E)	character or story (E)	what happened at the				
about by looking	character is reciming (i)		appeext (2)	onar acce. c. c.c., (2)	beginning, middle and end				
at the front cover	To answer simple	To say what happens first	To say explain why	To find a word that	of a story (S)				
(P)	questions about what has	in a story (S)	something happens (R, I)	means (V)	, (1)				
	happened (R)	, , ,		, ,					
To say who your									
favourite									
character is (E)									
Busy Learning		Learn and practise new v	ocabulary, listen and talk abo	ut stories, read and write					



			T			16.1			
			Use message centre to cre	•	words, phrases, sentences to make things happen. Read m	nessages left by others, write			
			0 11 11	messages, engage in and talk about books, retell stories and create their own.					
		Phonological	Orally blend an	Orally blend and segment, identify rhyme and continue a rhyming strong, count syllables, discriminate be					
		Awareness							
		Story/Song Time	Learn nev		alk about books, anticipate key events, learn rhymes, poer	ms and song			
				Possible enha	ancements for writing				
		Writing feelings	Day-time and night-time	Wanted Posters.	Label and write captions.	Acrostic poems.			
		and post in feelings box.	words.	Shared writing about the	Fact files about people who help us.	Make and write Birthday			
			Owl Speech and thought	Superheroes. "What we	····	cards, invitations and gift			
		Writing notes home to family.	bubbles from baby owls.	know, what we would like to find out, what we	Write a postcard to and letter to and from friends.	tags.			
		Oral storytelling	Writing cards/ notes/ messages.	found out".	Writing for the role play area prescriptions, messages.	Pirate Passports.			
		scribed by the teacher.		Oral storytelling scribed	Oral storytelling scribed by the teacher.	Lists, signs and banners for a great feast.			
		teacher.	Diagrams and factsheets about people.	by the adult.	Writing new pages for additional animals based on				
				Writing captions to go with the pictures from	'The Zoo Vet'.	Write or dictate own versions of the story.			
			Speech/thought bubbles.	story.	Recall parts of the story. Speech bubbles and thought bubbles from characters in story.	Making maps.			
				Speech/thought bubbles	Substitution of the control of the c	l maning maps.			
				for the characters.	Shared writing 'How to trap a giant'.				
					Writing questions to Jack and the Giant.				
					Labelling diagram of plants.				
Mat	ths Number Numerical	We aim to beco		•	erstanding of numbers to 10, recognise patterns wit ies and recall number bonds to 5.	thin the number system,			
	Pattern  Shape and Space	Number: To be competent to composition of each		se the maths rich continuous provision and adult led teaching to demonstrate a deep understanding of numbers to 10, including the number by;					
		reciting nu	Counting  Enjoy reciting numbers from 0 to 10 (and beyond) and back from 10 to 0. Counting from different starting points. Learning, singing, using in role play and reciting number rhymes and stories.						



Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.

### Cardinality

- Be able to subitise numbers to five. Identify patterns of numbers within objects and pictures. Using opportunities of amounts in the environment outside
  and inside as well as maths resources including 10 frames, counters and rekenrek.
- Matching the numeral with a group of items to show how many there are (up to 10).
- Accurately counting out up to 10 objects from a larger group and counting objects, actions and sounds. Using one to one correspondence and saying the numbers in order and matching one number name to each item. Saying how many there are after counting for example, "...6, 7, 8. There are 8 balls" appreciating that the last number of the count indicates the total number of the group. This is the cardinal counting principle.

#### Composition

- Be aware that numbers are made up (composed) of smaller numbers, exploring partitioning in different ways with a wide range of objects.
- Conceptually able to subitise larger numbers by subitising smaller groups within the number, e.g. sees six raisins on a plate as three and three.
- In practical activities, adds one and subtracts one with numbers to 10. Beginning to be able to explore and work out mathematical problems, using signs and strategies of their own choice.
- Automatically recall (without reference to rhymes, counting or other aids) number bonds up to 5 (including subtraction facts) and some number bonds to 10, including double facts. Using opportunities that arise e.g. there are 5 of us, 3 of us have clipboards how many more do we need?

### **Numerical Patterns:**

To recognise patterns in the counting system e.g. 10s and ones, and enjoying verbally counting to 20 and beyond.

### Comparison

- Use number names and symbols when comparing numbers and showing interest in numbers.
- Understand the 'one more than/one less than' relationship between consecutive numbers.
- Use the vocabulary: 'more than', 'less than', 'fewer', 'the same as', 'equal to' when discussing amounts and numbers and when estimating a number of things, showing understanding of relative size.
- Use concrete objects to explore and represent patterns (numbers up to 10) including odd and even numbers, double facts and sharing.



	White Rose Maths	White Rose Maths	White Rose Maths	White Rose Maths	White Rose Maths	White Rose Maths			
	Getting to know	It's me 1, 2, 3!	Alive in 5!	Building 9 and 10	To 20 and beyond	Find my pattern			
	you	Representing 1, 2,3	Introducing zero	9 and 10 Comparing	Building numbers beyond	Doubling			
		Comparing 1, 2, 3	Comparing numbers to 5	numbers to 10 Bonds to	10	Sharing and grouping Even			
	Just like me	Composition of 1, 2, 3	Composition of 4 and 5	10 3D shape Pattern (2)	Counting patterns beyond	and odd			
	Match and sort	Geometry and spatial	Compare mass (2)		10	Spatial reasoning (3)			
	Making	thinking (Circles and	Compare capacity (2)	Consolidation	Spatial reasoning (1)	_			
	comparisons	triangles Spatial	Growing 6, 7, 8 6, 7 and 8			On the move			
	(Compare	awareness)	Making pairs Combining 2		First, then, now	Deepening understanding			
	amounts Compare		groups		Adding more Taking away	Patterns and relationships			
	size, mass and	Light and dark	Length and height Time		Spatial reasoning (2)	Spatial reasoning (4)			
	capacity) Exploring	Numbers to 5 (Four and							
	Pattern (Make	Five One more and one							
	simple patterns)	less)							
		Geometry and spatial							
		thinking (shapes with 4							
		sides)							
		Measurement – Time							
		(night and day)							
	White Rose materials will be supplemented by other resources and planning ideas including NCETM (Mastering Number) and Karen Wilding.								
	Daily Routines		Self-Registration (10 frame), calendar, time table, book voting						
	Busy Learning	Practise taught skills. Use a	nd apply taught skills in real lit yo	fe situations, message centre u notice? What do you wond		ls and passcodes). 'What do			
	Story/Song Time		<u> </u>	lls, 'What do you notice? Wh					
Understanding the	We aim to becon	ne Exceptional Explore	ers who can show curiosity	about the world around	them, understand how to	read and draw a simple			
World (RE, History,	map, understand	some differences betwee	en times and places. And	<b>Compassionate Citizen</b>	s who can help to look aft	er their community and			
Geography, Science,	care for t	he environment, know so	me reasons why Cornwall	is special, have an awarer	ness of other people's culti	ures and beliefs.			
Computing)  People			-	•	• •				
i copic,	Past and present:								
Culture and	<ul> <li>Talking and</li> </ul>	d commenting on images, boo	oks and objects that show fam	niliar past events and discuss	the similarities and difference	s based on their			
Community.	experience		•						
<ul><li>The Natural</li></ul>	<ul><li>Using class</li></ul>	texts to explore past and pre	esent e.g. pirates, castles and o	characters.					
World.	<ul><li>Discussing</li></ul>	when the story takes place a	nd the similarities and differer	nces.					
People and									
places	People, culture and								
		•	heir immediate environment		able to interpret and identify	areas on a simple map and			
	attempt to	draw their own, using observ	vations, stories and non- fictio	on text.					



- Be confident to share details about their family and community and make comparisons with other families and communities. Drawing on real life
  experiences and books. Joining in with SMSC discussions and RE learning and understanding similarities and differences between religious and cultural
  communities and how they celebrate special times in different ways. Using these discussions and experiences in their play.
- Be able to compare and contrast differences and similarities in life in this country and others, using knowledge and vocabulary gained through stories and texts, maps, pictures and videos and discussions.

### **The Natural Word:**

- Be curious to explore the natural world and use their senses to investigate hands on experiences including natural processes e.g. ice melting, changing of the seasons.
- Understand how to care for the natural environment.
- Make close observations of animals and plants and draw pictures including details observed and being able to articulate using introduced vocabulary including the name of plants and animals.
- Join in with discussions comparing the features of our immediate environment with those of others (local, national and the world) by drawing on first hand experiences, information from books, videos and pictures.

	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –	RE –
	Being Special: Where do we belong?	Incarnation: Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas?	What times/stories are special and why?	Why do Christians put a cross in an Easter Garden?	God/Creation: Why is the word 'God' so important to Christians?	What places are special and why?
Understanding the World  Character,		Guy Fawkes		Florence Nightingale	Launceston Castle	
setting, event from the past	Busy Learning	•	ountries, explore the natural	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	simple maps, look at books co what they can see, hear and f	0 0
	Story/Song Time	Experience, explore and tall	k about different people and	occupations, comment on im	ages from the past or differen	t cultures/countries
Technology	To engage with age appropriate software.	To explore the use of technology as a means of capturing images.	To explore programming using bee bots.	To use technology to promote speaking and listening.	To use technology as a research tool.	To produce our own images and videos.



	Torches for dark reading den. IWB and I Pads	Use of I-Pad as a camera.	Bee-bots	Using the recordable devices to record.  Introduce Talking telephones for Role Play.	Using iPads for research.	Using the I-pads, recordable devices to tell new intake what our class is like.	
Expressive Arts and Design  Creating with Materials Being Imaginative and Expressive	play a range of  Creating with Mates Plan what Experimen different s Experimen Independe Creating of Creatively Review the Being invo Keeping of Enjoying a  Being imaginative a Know and Introduces stories and	rials: they are going to create and he with combining a range of norts of glue, tags, string etc. It with colour mixing to product the processes to shape no collaboratively, sharing ideas, rouse props and materials (loose ir creations and talk about the lyed and concentrating. In trying. Chieving what they set out to	their creations, talk about their creations, talk about their creations, talk about their creations, talk about the parameterials and to consider how ce different colours e.g. power that call series and skills. The parts that can symbolise different (part of the play project of the pla	thm. And Dynamic Design t what they have made ar  rt of their play project. r problems can be overcome.  der paint, poster paint and way, sawing.  fferent things) to role play characteristics.  perform them as part of the clastories and narratives used in	ers who can choose and sond how they have made it.  Thinking about the best way to atercolours.  aracters and situations whilst lass, groups and individually.	afely use the resources to join materials e.g. tape, collaborating with others.	
	Develop storylines in their pretend play.  Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.  Sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody.  Return to and build on their previous learning, refining ideas and developing their ability to represent them  Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills.  Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.  Figure 1.  Create collaboratively sharing ideas, resources, and skills.  Expressing their feelings and responses.						
	Collage of Elmer.  Patchwork people.	Owl paintings and puppets.	Wild Tribe – creating stick 'superheroes.'	Still life drawings/paintings of plants and flowers.	Exploring working with paint on different surfaces and in different	Mixing colour more purposefully to make a waterscape and then	



	Basic mark-making using one colour.  Naming and using primary colours.  Experimenting with variety of tools.	Transient art, Night pictures and natural collages.  Explore Van Gogh's "Starry Night" and create own images.  Rangoli Patterns.  Use clay to mould Diva Lamps.  Firework dances.  Painting simple shapes and filling with colour.	Informal colour mixing Naming, mixing and using secondary colours.	Creating mini-beasts using different mediums (paint, collage, transient art).	ways Painting without tools.  Beginning to predict the end result when mixing colouring.	adding more detail to paintings in a number of sessions.
D and T (joining)	Rasic Level Joins glue	e stick, PVA glue with a glue	Mid-Level Joins masking tag	l ne sticky tane folding	High Level Joins hole punch	(single and double) split
Dana i goming)	brush, PVA glue with a spreader, make glue		paper and card, elastic band, sticky tack, a paper clip, a		pins, treasury tags, stitching	
	from flour	. a sp. caac.,anc g.ac	stapler		F, 1. 2001. 1 1000, 00101	
Music	Charanga – Me!	Charanga – My Stories	Charanga - Everyone	Charanga – Our World	Charanga – Big Bear Funk	Charanga – Reflect,
		,	,			Rewind and Replay
Metacognitive Skill	<u>Planning</u>	<u>Planning</u>	<u>Planning</u>	<u>Planning</u>	<u>Planning</u>	Planning
Progression	Inquiring –	Generating ideas,	Inquiring – identifying,	Generating ideas,	Inquiring – identifying,	Generating ideas,
	identifying,	possibilities and actions	exploring and organising	possibilities and actions	exploring and organising	possibilities and actions
	exploring, and	element: Imagine	information and	element: Imagine	information and	element: Seek solutions
	organising	possibilities and connect	ideas: Identify and clarify	possibilities and connect	ideas: Organise and	and put ideas into action
	information and	ideas	information and ideas:	ideas	process information:	Predict what might
	ideas: Pose	Listen to an adult or peer	Identify and describe	Use imagination to view	Gather similar	happen in a situation and
	questions	describing the visual	familiar information and	or create things in new	information from given	when putting ideas into
	Pose factual and	features of a text,	ideas during a discussion	ways and connect two	sources	action
	exploratory	diagram, picture, or	or investigation	things that seem different		
	questions based on	multimedia			<u>Evaluation</u>	Monitoring
	personal interests		Planning	<u>Evaluation</u>	Analysing, synthesising	Reflecting on thinking and
	and experiences	Monitoring	Generating ideas,	Analysing, synthesising	and evaluating reasoning	processes element:
		Reflecting on thinking and	possibilities and actions	and evaluating reasoning	and procedure element:	Transfer knowledge into
	<u>Evaluation</u>	processes element:	element: Consider	and procedure element:	Evaluate procedures and	new contexts.
	Analysing,	Thinking about thinking	alternatives	Apply logic and reasoning.	outcomes.	Connect information from
	synthesising and	(metacognition)				one setting to another



	evaluating reasoning and procedure element: Draw conclusions and design a course of action. Share their thinking about possible courses of action	Describe what they are thinking and give reasons why	suggest alternatives and creative ways to approach a given situation or task  Monitoring Reflecting on thinking and processes element: Reflect on processes. Identify the main elements of the steps in a thinking process	Identify the thinking used to solve problems in given situations	Check whether they are satisfied with the outcome of tasks or actions	
Off Site Enrichment				Fire station Visit	Castle Visit	Beach Trip
Internal Enrichment	Elmer parade	Decorations Day Nativity	Wild Tribe Superhero enrichment day.	Wild Tribe Gardening	Wild Tribe	Wild Tribe Sport's Day