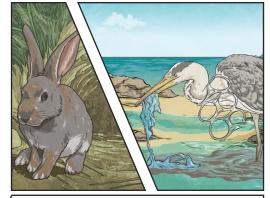
Key Vocabulary		
organisms	This is another word that can be used to mean 'living things'.	
life processes	The things living things do to stay alive.	
respiration	A process where plants and animals use oxygen gas from the air to help turn their food into energy.	
sensitivity	The way living things react to changes in their environment .	
reproduction	The process through which young are produced.	
excretion	The process by which living things get rid of waste products.	
nutrition	The process of obtaining food to provide living things with energy to live and stay healthy.	
habitat	The specific area or place in which particular animals or plants may live.	
environment	An environment contains many habitats and these include areas where there are both living and non-living things.	
endangered species	A plant or animal where there are not many of their species left and scientists are concerned that the species may become extinct .	
extinct	When a species has no more members alive on the planet, it is extinct .	

Life Processes

To stay alive and healthy, all living things need certain conditions that let them carry out the seven

life processes:

Growth Reproduction Movement Respiration Excretion Sensitivity **N**utrition



Plants and animals rely on the **environment** to give them everything they need. Therefore, when habitats change, it can be very dangerous to the plants and animals that live there.

Changes to an environment can be • stor.

'e//nto. floods natural or caused by humans. Changes to an environment can have positive / as well as negative effects. Here are some examples of things that can, change an environment.

• earthquakes

storms

• droughts

wildfires

• the seasons

deforestation

pollution

urbanisation

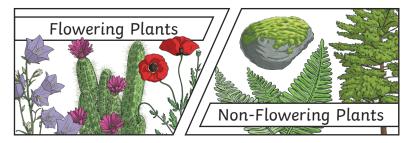
• the introduction of new animal or plant species to an **environment**

• creating new nature reserves

planit

Key Vocabulary		
classification	This is where plants or animals are placed into groups according to their similarities.	
vertebrates	Animals with a backbone.	
invertebrates	Animals without a backbone.	
specimen	A particular plant or animal that scientists study to find out about its species.	
characteristics	The distinguishing features or qualities that are specific to a species.	

Plants can be sorted into many different groups. For example:

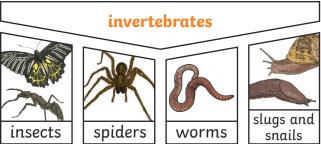


Animals can be grouped in lots of different ways based upon their characteristics.

vertebrates | Image: Control of the control of the

Vertebrates can be separated into five broad groups.

You can use **classification** keys to help group, identify and name a variety of living things. Here is an example of a **classification** key:



You could sort **invertebrates** you might see around school in different ways, such as in this example. The vast majority of living things on the planet are **invertebrates**.

Invertebrate Classification Key

