

Autumn 2 – Natural Elements

Science – Forces and Magnets

Key Vocabulary	
forces	Pushes or pulls.
friction	A force that acts between two surfaces or objects that are moving, or trying to move, across each other.
surface	The top layer of something.
magnet	An object which produces a magnetic force that pulls certain objects towards it.
magnetic	Objects which are attracted to a magnet are magnetic . Objects containing iron, nickel or cobalt metals are magnetic .
magnetic field	The area around a magnet where there is a magnetic force which will pull magnetic objects towards the magnet .
poles	North and south poles are found at different ends of a magnet .
repel	Repulsion is a force that pushes objects away. For example, when a north pole is placed near the north pole of another magnet , the two poles repel (push away from each other).
attract	Attraction is a force that pulls objects together. For example, when a north pole is placed near the south pole of another magnet , the two poles attract (pull together).

Working Scientifically Skills
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compare how different things move and group them. • Raise questions and carry out tests to find out how far things move on different surfaces. • Gather and record data to find answers to their questions. • Explore the strengths of different magnets and find a fair way to compare them. • Sort materials into those that are magnetic and those that are not. • Look for patterns in the way that magnets behave in relation to each other and what might affect this e.g. how strong is the magnet or which pole faces another. • Identify how these properties make magnets useful in everyday items and suggest creative uses for different magnets.

Key Knowledge	
<p>Different surfaces create different amounts of friction. The amount of friction created by an object moving over a surface depends on the roughness of the surface and the object, and the force between them.</p>	
<p>Forces will change the motion of an object. They will either make it start to move, speed up, slow it down.</p>	
	<p>Like poles repel. Opposite poles attract.</p>
<p>A magnetic field is invisible. You can see the magnetic field here though. This is what happens when iron filings are placed on top of a piece of paper with a magnet underneath.</p>	<p>The needle in a compass is a magnet. A compass always points north-south on Earth.</p>
<p>Magnetic ✓</p>	<p>Non-magnetic ✗</p>
<p>Not all metals are magnetic. Objects that contain iron, nickel and cobalt are magnetic.</p>	