Year 3: Vocabulary, Punctuation and Grammar

Terminology preposition, conjunction word family, prefix clause, subordinate clause direct speech	Year 3: Detail of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)		of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)
inverted commas (or 'speech marks')		0,	word family, prefix clause, subordinate clause direct speech consonant, consonant letter vowel, vowel letter

Year 3: Detail of content to be introduced (statutory requirement)	
Word	Formation of nouns using a range of prefixes [for example <i>super</i> –, <i>anti</i> –, <i>auto</i> –] Use of the forms <i>a</i> or <i>an</i> according to whether the next word begins with a consonant or a vowel [for example, <u>a</u> rock, <u>an</u> open box] Word families based on common words , showing how words are related in form and meaning [for example, <i>solve</i> , <i>solution</i> , <i>solver</i> , <i>dissolve</i> , <i>insoluble</i>]
Sentence	Expressing time, place and cause using conjunctions [for example, when, before, after, while, so, because], adverbs [for example, then, next, soon, therefore], or prepositions [for example, before, after, during, in, because of]
Text	Introduction to paragraphs as a way to group related material Headings and sub-headings to aid presentation Use of the present perfect form of verbs instead of the simple past [for example, <i>He has gone out to play</i> contrasted with <i>He went out to play</i>]
Punctuation	Introduction to inverted commas to punctuate direct speech